The Volunteer Little League® —Umpire—

Little League International Umpire Clinic

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 - 10. Be stopped for all plays
 - 11. Relax, Concentrate, Hustle



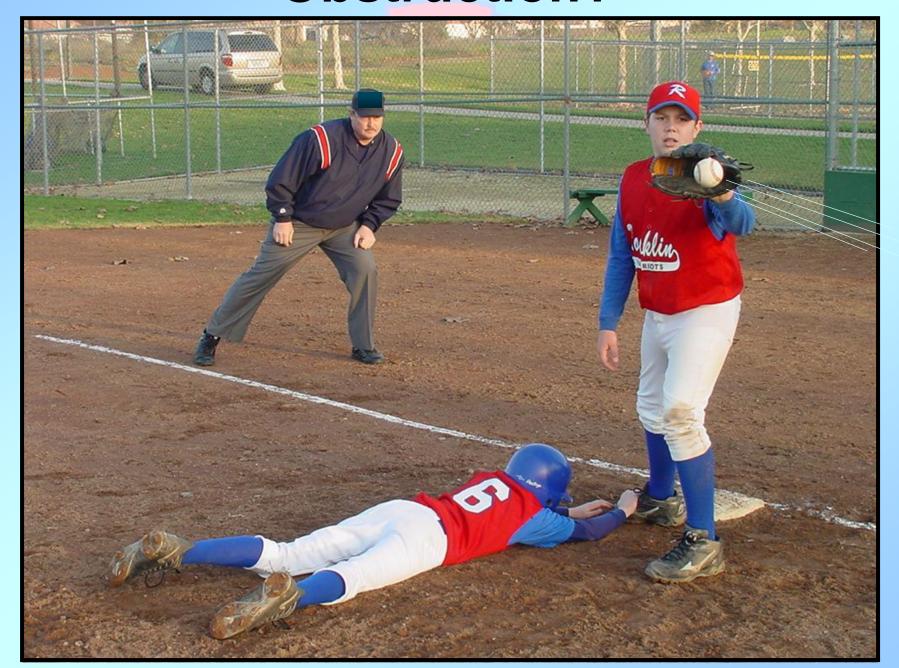
OBSTRUCTION

The act of a fielder while:

(A) Not in possession of the ball impedes the progress of any runner.

A defensive player may not block a base, baseline or home plate without the ball.

- A fake tag is considered obstruction
- Umpire Judgment
- The defense has the right to the baseline on a batted ball.



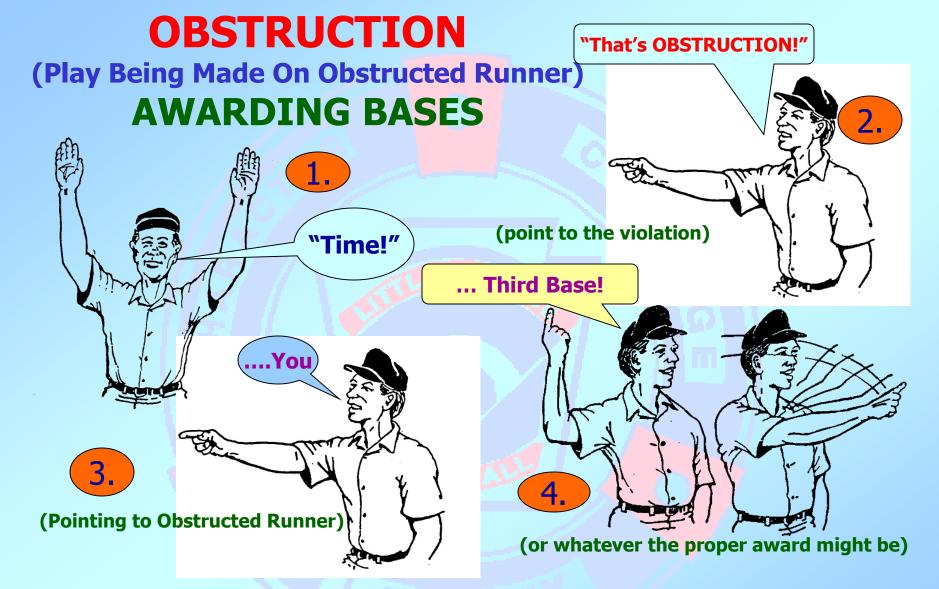






Did the first baseman impede the progress of the runner?





"Time" is called immediately when a play is being made on a runner who has been obstructed. When B-R is obstructed after hitting a fly ball, the ball shall not be immediately killed. If the catch is made, it shall count and the obstructed disregarded. If B-R is obstructed after hitting a ground ball, the ball shall be killed immediately and the obstruction penalty enforced.



Unless a play is being made on the obstructed runner or the B-R is obstructed before reaching 1st base, the ball remains alive and in play.

Rule 2.00 - INTERFERENCE

- (a) Offensive interference is an act by a member of the team at bat.....
- (b) Defensive interference is an act by a fielder which hinders or prevents a batter....
- (c) Umpire's interference is.....
- (d) Spectator interference is.....
- (e) On any interference the ball is dead.

UMPIRE INTERFERENCE



ONLY TWO WAYS

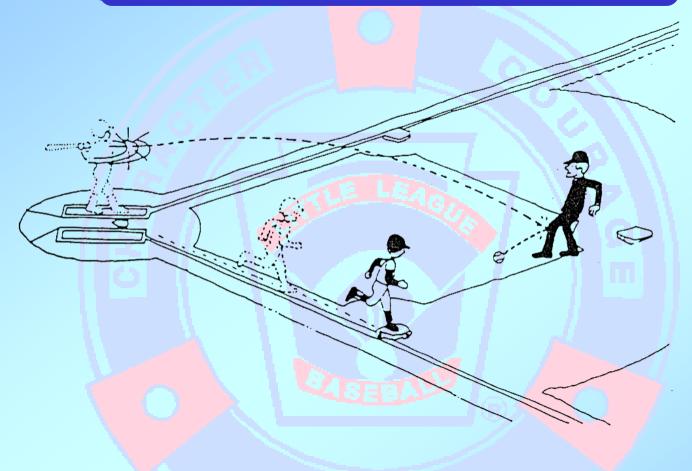
- INTERFERENCE WITH CATCHER'S THROW 5.09(b)
- PASSING A FIELDER 5.09(f) & 6.08(d)

NO UMPIRE INTERFERENCE

- BEING HIT BY A THROWN BALL
- **2** BEING HIT BY FIELDER
- **3** BEING HIT BY A RUNNER

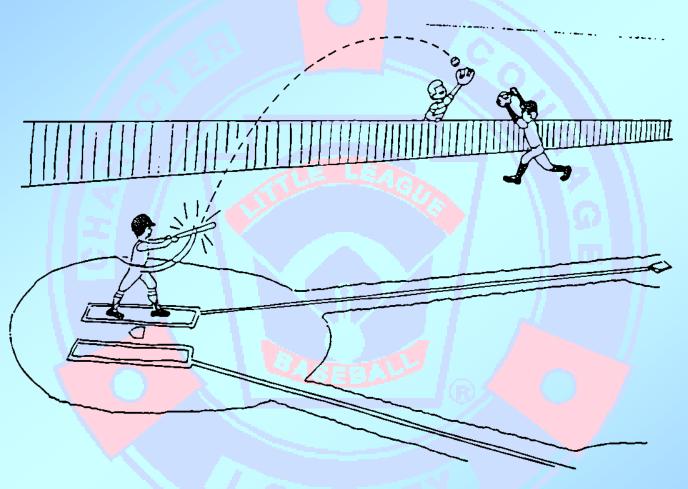


RULE 6.08(d)



THE BATTER BECOMES A RUNNER AND IS ENTITLES TO FIRST BASE WITHOUT LIABILITY OF BEING PUT OUT WHEN A FAIR BALL TOUCHES AN UMPIRE ON FAIR TERRITORY BEFORE TOUCHING A FIELDER.

RULE: 2.00(d)



SPECTATOR INTERFERENCE OCCURS WHEN A SPECTATOR REACHES OUT OF THE STANDS OR GOES ONTO THE PLAYING FIELD AND TOUCHES A LIVE BALL.

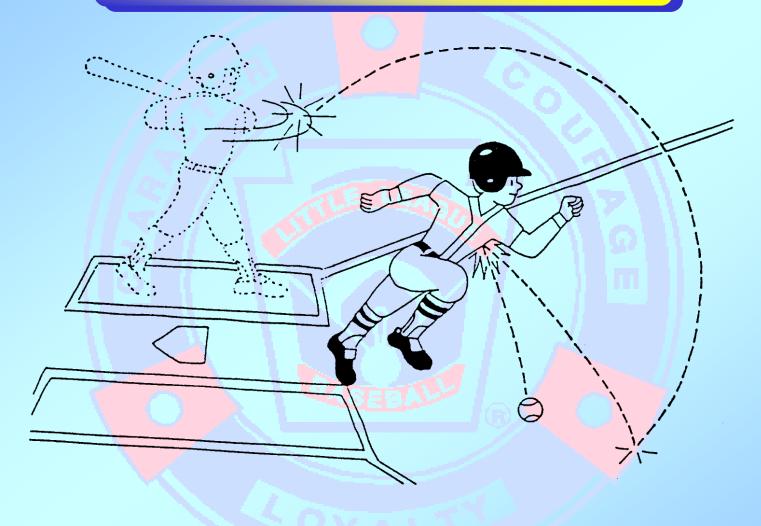
Rule 3.16

- When there is spectator interference with any thrown or batted ball, the ball shall be dead at the moment of interference and the umpire shall impose such penalties as in the umpire's opinion will nullify the act of interference.
- APPROVED RULING: If spectator interference clearly prevents a fielder from catching a fly ball, the umpire shall declare the batter out.

6.00 THE BATTER



RULE: 6.05(f)



A BATTER IS OUT WHEN A FAIR BALL TOUCHES SAID BATTER BEFORE TOUCHING A FIELDER.

6.05(g)

A batter is out when:

6.05(g) After hitting or bunting a fair ball, his bat hits the ball a second time in fair territory.



The bat does the hitting ----- Balls dead, Batter is out.

6.05(g)

A batter is out when:

6.05(g) After hitting or bunting a fair ball, his bat hits the ball a second time in fair territory.



The ball does the hitting ----- Balls alive and in play

6.05j

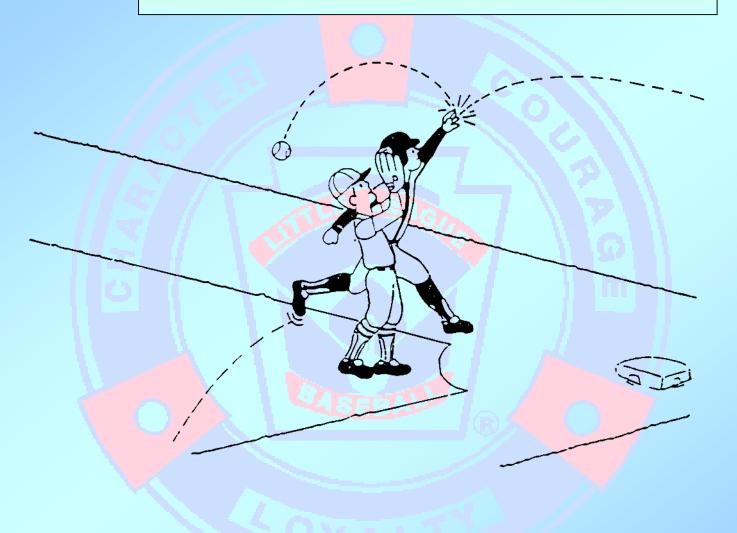
A batter is out when:

6.05 (j) In running the last half of the distance from home base to first base, while the ball is being fielded to first base, he runs outside the three foot line, or inside the foul line, and in the umpire's judgment in so doing interferes with the fielder taking the throw at first base.

Two key elements:

- (1) The ball <u>must</u> be thrown in order for the runner to interfere with the "fielder taking the throw"
- (2) The throw must be a reasonably catchable throw.

Rule 6.05 (I)



ANY RUNNER IS OUT WHEN THE RUNNER INTENTIONALLY INTERFERES WITH A THROWN BALL OR HINDERS A FIELDER ATTEMPTING TO MAKE A PLAY ON A BATTED BALL.

6.06c

A batter is out for illegal action when:

6.06(c) He interferes with the catcher's fielding or throwing by stepping out of the batter's box or making any other movement that hinders the catcher's play at home base.

Key Elements:

- A swing, which carries the batter over home plate and hinders the catcher's play or attempted play.
- Contact between the batter and catcher does not necessarily have to occur for interference to be ruled.
- Need not get out of the box, unless batter has time.
- While in the box, he must make some "other movement" that is deemed a hindrance to the catcher.

BATTER INTERFERENCE ON STEAL ATTEMPT



Remember that the ball is not automatically "dead" at the time of interference. If an out results on the catcher's throw, then the interference penalty is not enforced and the play stands.

CATCHER'S NTERFERENCE!!



6.08c

Catcher's Interference:

6.08(c) The catcher or any fielder interferes the batter.

No Interference When:

Batter reaches first base AND

All other runners advance at least one base.

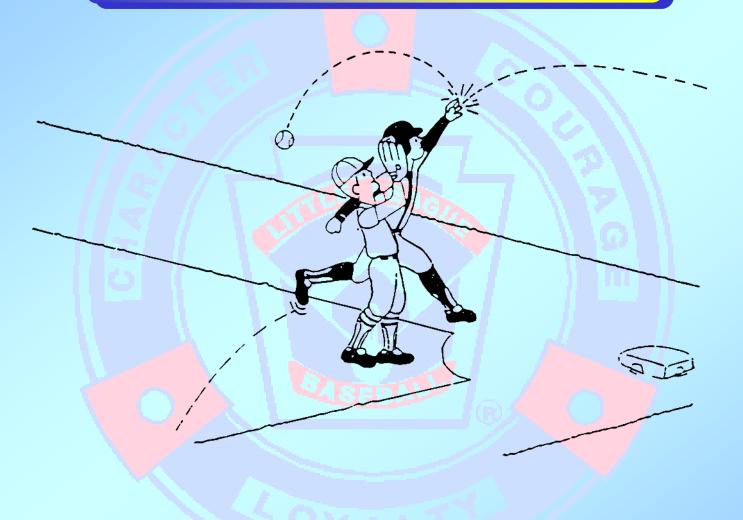
Key Elements:

- Allow the play to continue:
- Manager's Option:
- Runners not attempting to steal or not forced to advance remain on the base they occupied at the time of the interference.

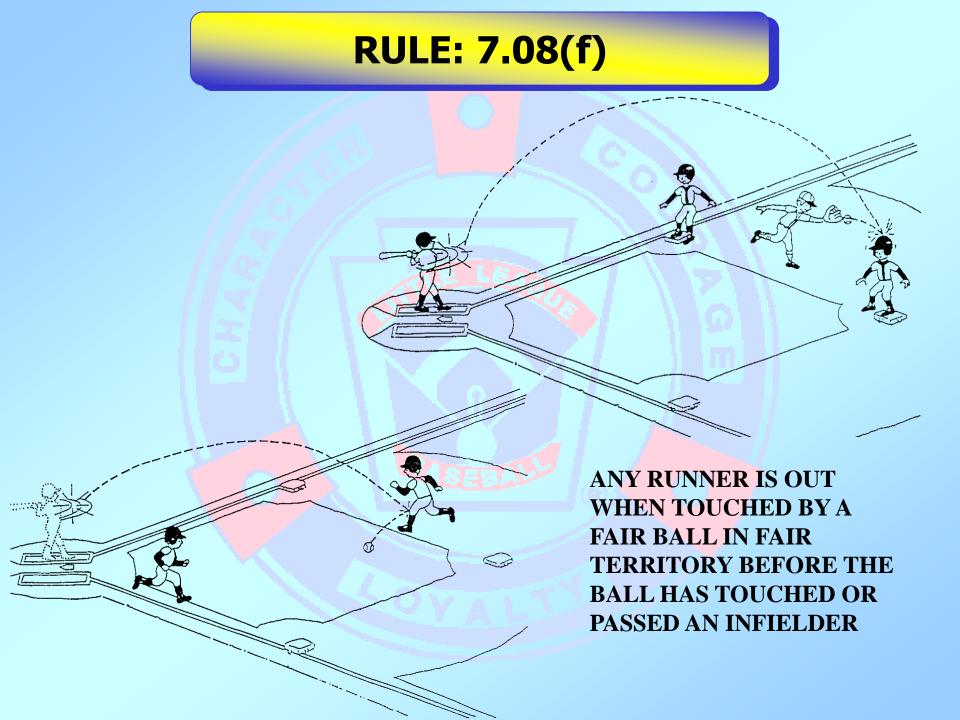
7.00 THE RUNNER



RULE: 7.08(b)

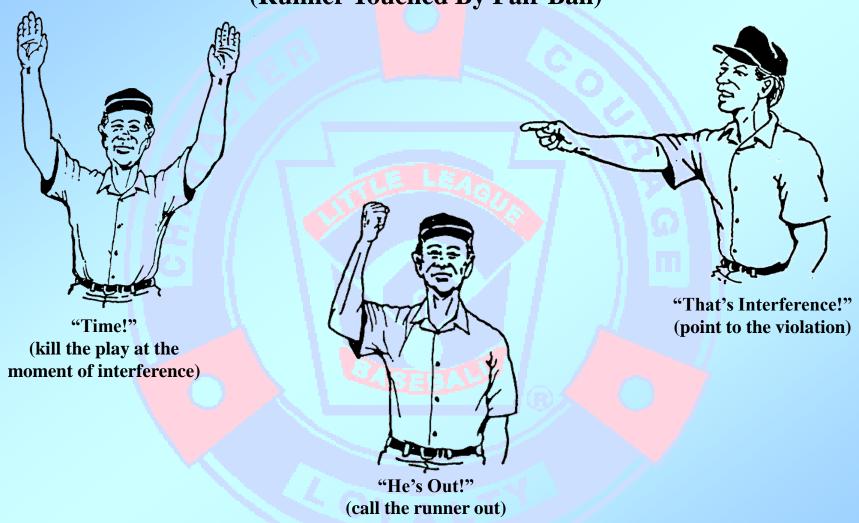


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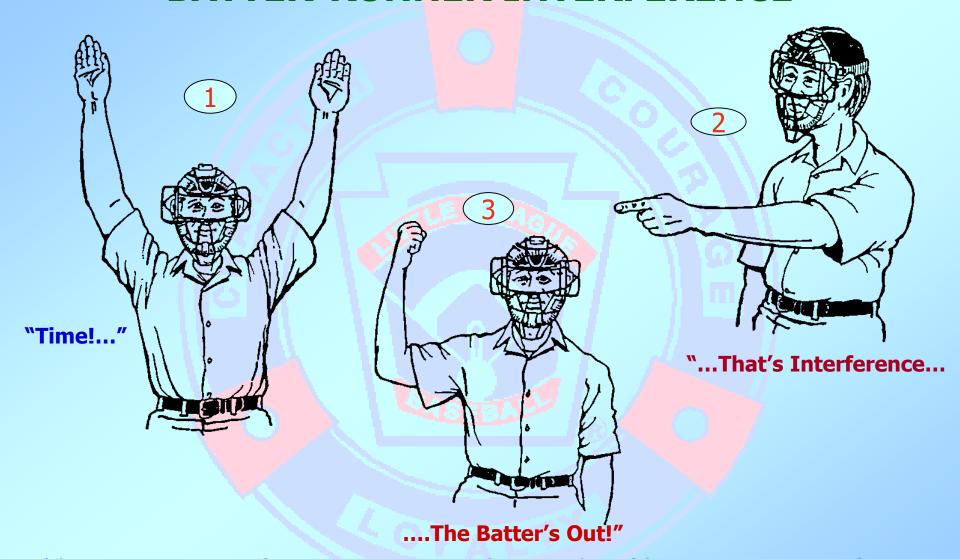
RUNNER INTERFERENCE

(Runner Touched By Fair Ball)



....at this time, the umpire signals all runners to return to their original bases.

BATTER-RUNNER INTERFERENCE

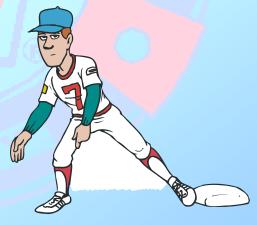


Unlike batter interference on a steal or pick-off attempt, interference by the batter-runner is cause for calling "Time" immediately and enforcing the penalty.

Rule 7.09 (i)

- In the judgment of the umpire, the base coach at third base, or first base, by touching or holding the runner, physically assists him in returning to or leaving third base or first base.
- Comments: The coach has to improve the runner's chance of accomplishing their goal as a runner. Ball remains alive, unless the runner is being played on.





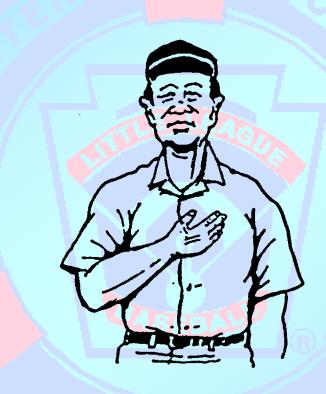


Fly

INFIELD FLY RULE 2.00, 6.05d & 7.08f

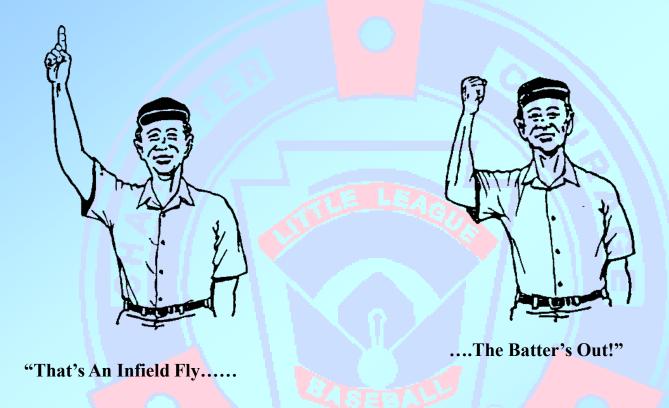


INFIELD FLY SIGNAL TO PARTNER

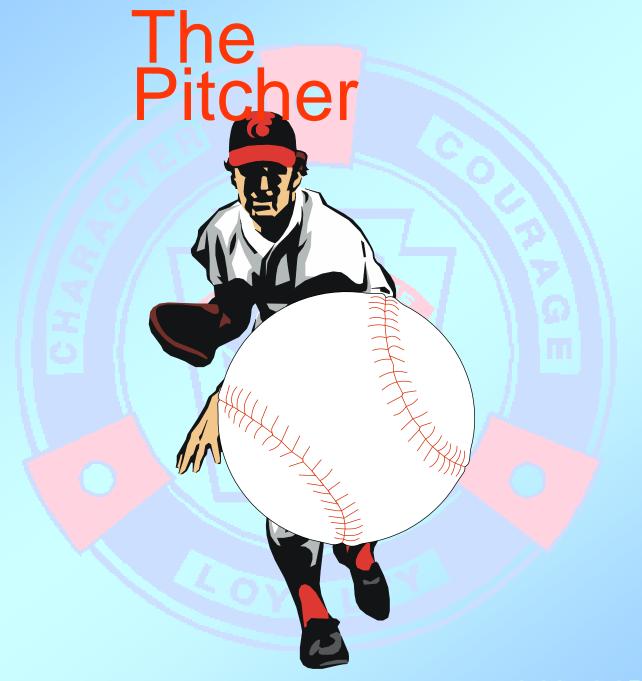


This is a signal which is flashed between umpires as a reminder of the infield fly rule. If a fly ball is hit which an infielder can handle with ordinary effort, the umpires shall invoke the infield fly rule.

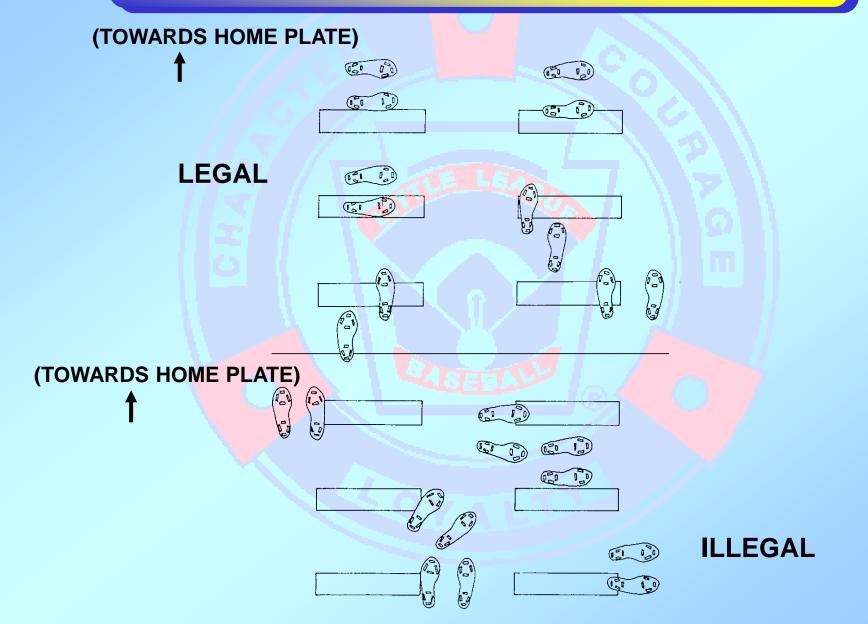
DECLARING BATTED BALL AN INFIELD FLY



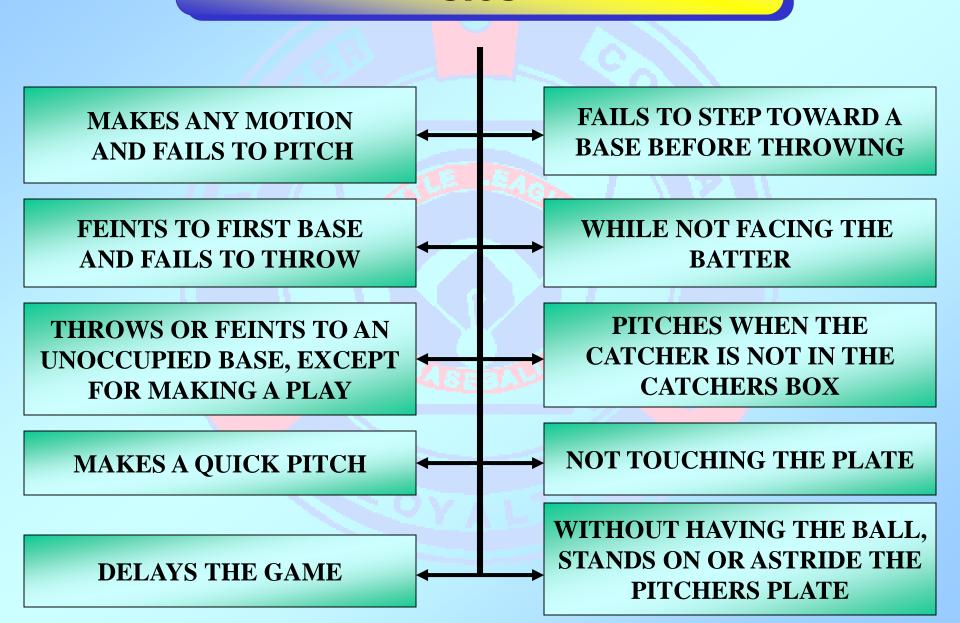
Ordinarily, either umpire may initiate the call of "infield Fly!" However, on balls hit near the foul lines, the plate umpire is responsible for the initial call. When the signal is given by one umpire, his partner shall "echo" the call. The call should be given loudly and clearly so there is no confusion for the runners.



LEGAL & ILLEGAL POSITIONS OF THE PITCHER'S FOOT



ILLEGAL PITCH 8.05



ILLEGAL PITCH (cont.) 8.05

ACCIDENTALLY OR INTENTIONALLY DROPS THE BALL

NOTE: THERE IS NO BALK
PENALTY: THE PITCH SHALL BE CALLED A BALL, UNLESS
THE BATTER HITS THE BALL AND REACHES FIRST BASE
SAFELY, AND IF ALL BASE-RUNNERS ADVANCE AT LEAST
ONE BASE ON THE ACTION RESULTING FROM THE BATTED
BALL. IF SO, THE PLAY STANDS AND THE ILLEGAL
PITCH IS NULLIFIED.

JR/SR/BG BALK 8.05



JR/SR/BG BALK (cont) 8.05

ACCIDENTALLY OR INTENTIONALLY DROPS THE BALL REMOVES ONE HAND AND DOES NOT PITCH OR THROW TO A BASE

PITCHES WHEN THE CATCHER IS NOT IN THE CATCHERS BOX

PENALTY: THE BALL IS DEAD, AND EACH RUNNER SHALL ADVANCE ONE BASE WITHOUT LIABILITY TO BE PUT OUT UNLESS THE BATTER REACHES FIRST ON A HIT, AN ERROR, A BASE ON BALLS, A HIT BATTER OR OTHERWISE, AND ALL OTHER RUNNERS ADVANCE AT LEAST ONE BASE IN WHICH CASE THE PLAY PROCEEDS WITHOUT REFERENCE TO THE BALK. WHEN A BALK IS CALLED IF THE PITCH IS DELIVERED IT WILL BE CONSIDERED NEITHER A BALL NOR STRIKE UNLESS THE PITCH IS BALL FOUR (4) AWARDING THE BATTER FIRST BASE AND FORCING ALL RUNNERS ON BASE TO ADVANCE.

BALK





"Time!"
(Do not call time until play resulting from the pitch has ended)

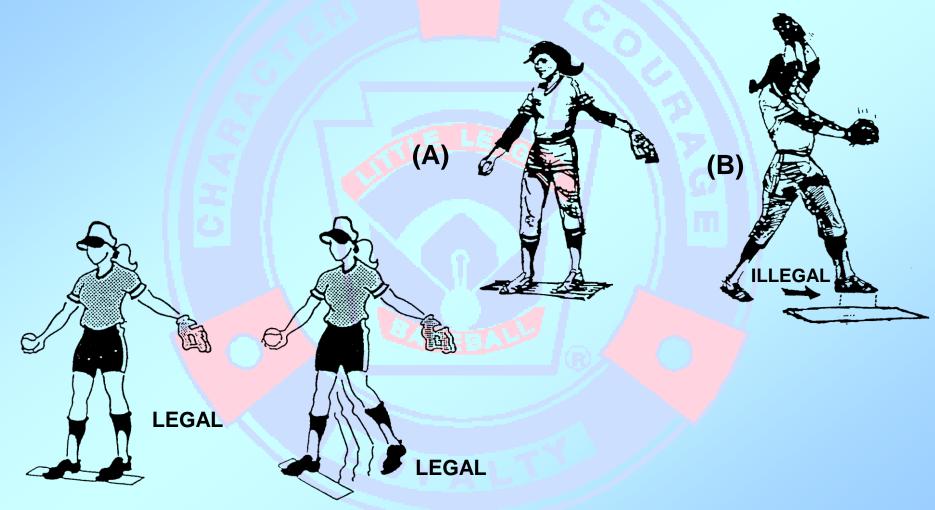
The base umpire shall call the balk from his set position if the pitcher has assumed his position on the rubber. He shall point laterally and emphatically state, "That's a Balk!" If the pitcher is in the act of delivering the pitch or throwing to a base, the base umpire resumes hi set position and prepares for the play. If the pitcher is not able to deliver the ball to a base or the batter, the base umpire shall call "Time!" and kill the play. Otherwise, the ball is still alive. Either umpire may call any balk. Once the balk has been called, the other umpire should echo the call.

The plate umpire uses no visual signal. From his set position, he declares, "That's a Balk!" and remains in his set position. After the play has ended, he calls time and enforces the balk penalty.

In placing runners, always place the lead runners first.

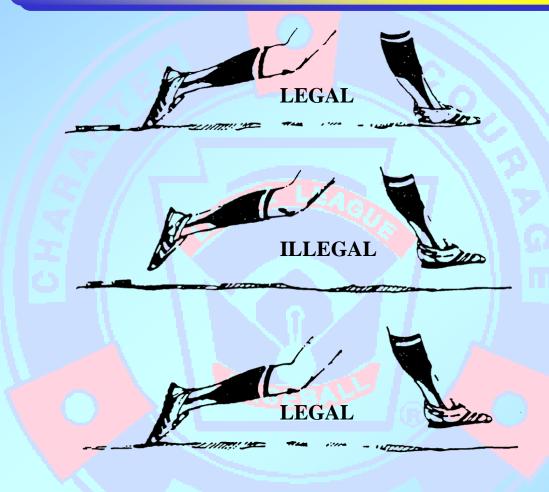
RULE: 8.01(e)

FAST PITCH PITCHING



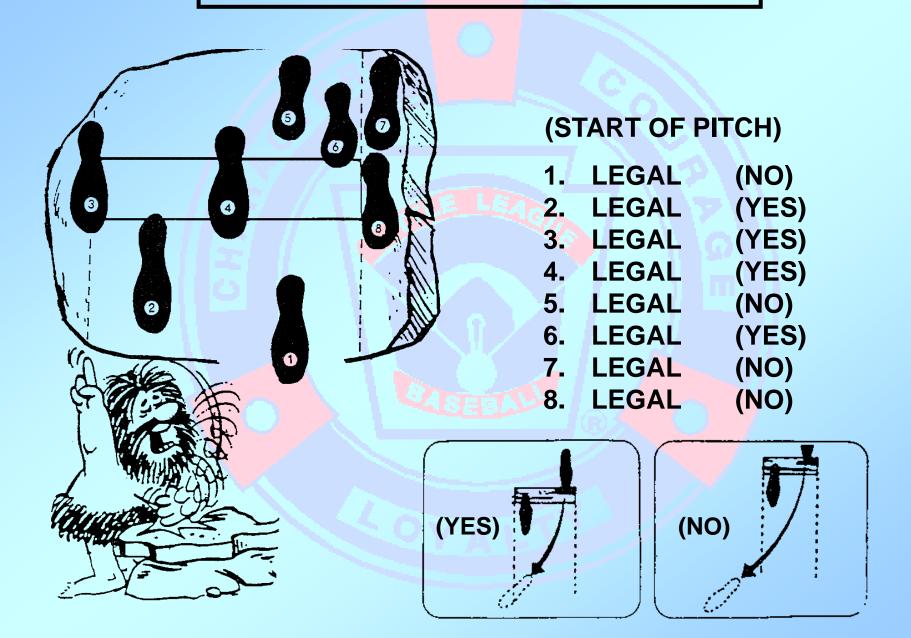
RAISING THE FOOT OFF THE PITCHING PLATE AND RETURNING IT TO THE PLATE CREATES A ROCKING MOTION AND IS AN ILLEGAL ACT.

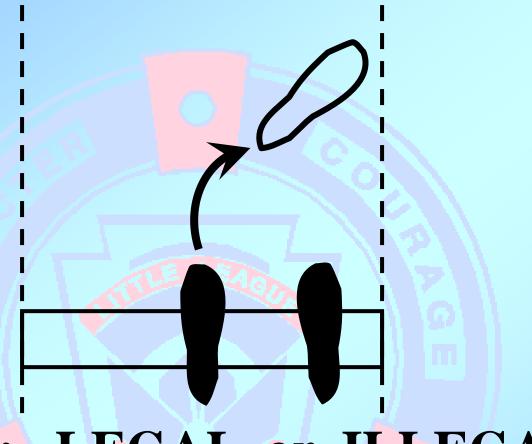
RULE 8.01 - PITCHING



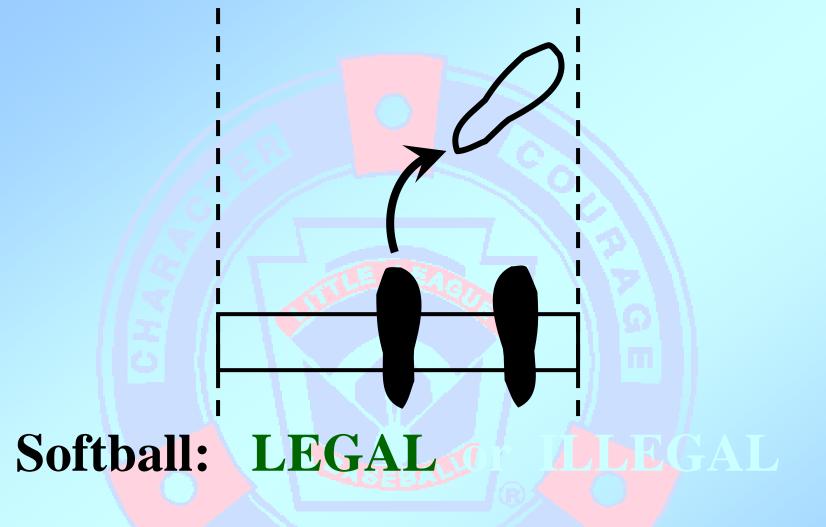
THE PIVOT FOOT MAY REMAIN IN CONTACT OR MAY PUSH OFF AND DRAG AWAY FROM THE PITCHING PLATE PRIOR TO THE FRONT FOOT TOUCHING THE GROUND, AS LONG AS THE PIVOT FOOT REMAINS IN CONTACT WITH THE GROUND.

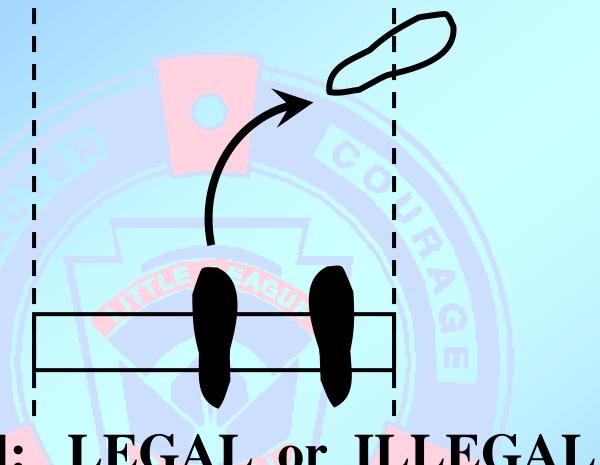
WATCH THE PITCHER'S FEET



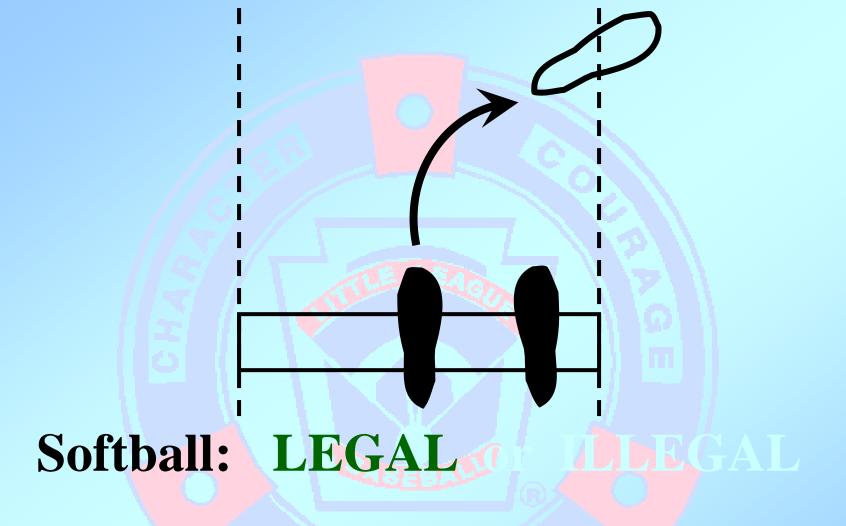


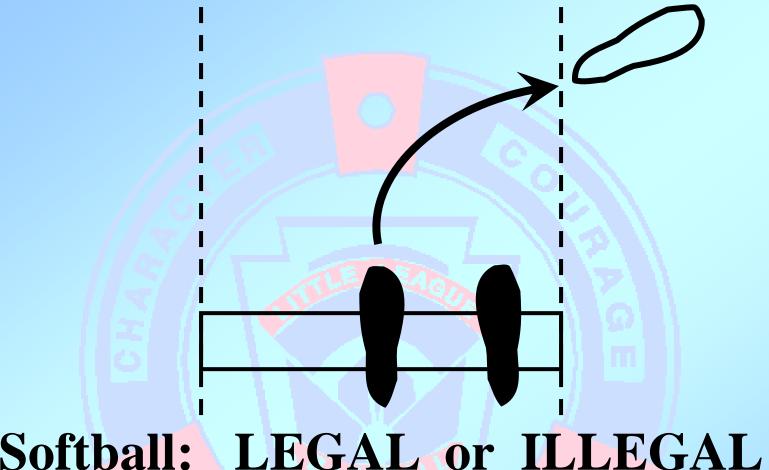
Softball: LEGAL or ILLEGAL



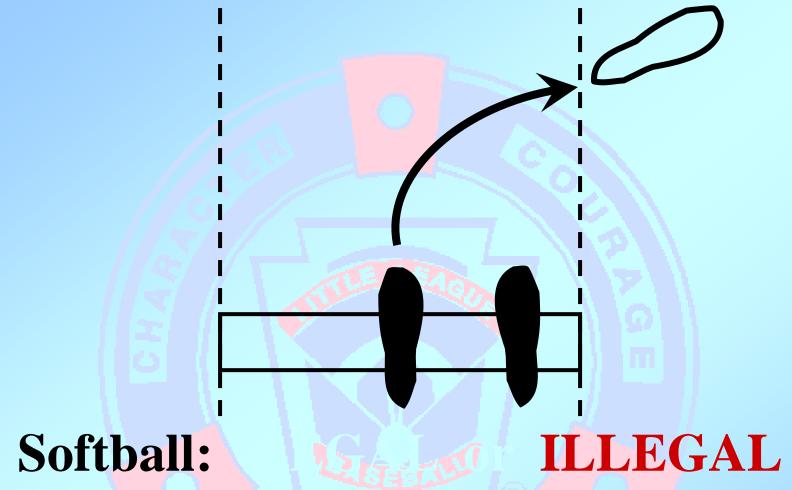


Softball: LEGAL or ILLEGAL





Softball: LEGAL or ILLEGAL



Forward step is not within width of the pitching plate

2007

RULE CHANGES

Rule 1.10 (Baseball Only)

• Note 3: Beginning with the 2009 season, non-wood bats used in Little League and below must have a BPF (bat performance factor) of 1.15 or less marked on it.

Rule 1.10 (Baseball Only)

- 36 inches Senior and Big League Baseball
- 2 ³/₄" for wood 2 <u>5/8"</u> non wood for **Senior and Big League**
- Senior/Big League baseball a bat shall not weigh, numerically, more than three ounces less than the length of the bat (e.g., a 33-inch-long bat cannot be less than 30 ounces.
- Senior/Big League non wood bats shall meet the BESR (Bat Exit Speed Ratio) performance standard, and such bats shall be printed with a permanent certification mark.

Regulation VI – Pitchers Pitch Count Program

League Age

17 – 18 105 pitches per day

13 – 16 95 pitches per day

11-12 85 pitches per day

10 and under 75 pitches per day

Pitch Count Program

- Pitchers <u>league age 16 and under</u> must adhere to the following rest requirements:
- If a player pitches 61 or more pitches in a day, three (3) calendar days of rest must be observed.
- If a player pitches 41 60 pitches in a day, two
 (2) calendar days of rest must be observed.
- If a player pitches 21 40 pitches in a day, one
 (1) calendar days of rest must be observed.
- If a player pitches 1-20 pitches in a day, no (0) calendar day of rest must be observed.

Pitch Count Program

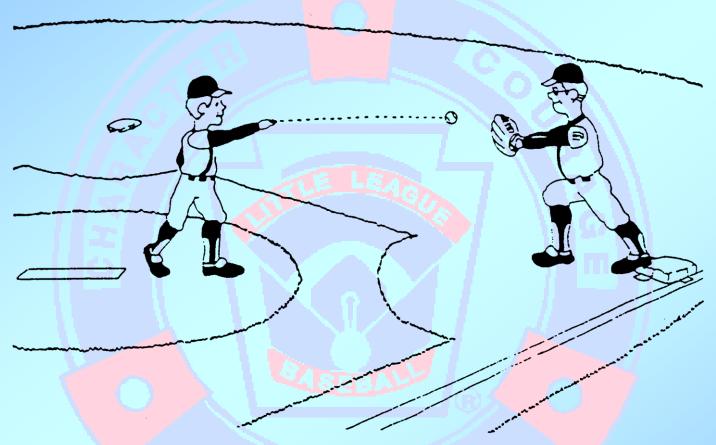
- Pitchers <u>league age 17-18</u> must adhere to the following rest requirements:
- If a player pitches 76 or more pitches in a day, three (3) calendar days of rest must be observed.
- If a player pitches 51 75 pitches in a day, two (2) calendar days of rest must be observed.
- If a player pitches 26 50 pitches in a day, one (1) calendar days of rest must be observed.
- If a player pitches 1-25 pitches in a day, no (0) calendar day of rest must be observed.
- Each league must designate the scorekeeper or another game official as the official pitch count recorder.

RULE: 8.01(a)



THE PITCHER SHALL NOT RAISE EITHER FOOT FROM THE GROUND EXCEPT THAT FOOT INVOLVED IN THE ACTUAL DELIVERY OF THE BALL TO THE BATTER. THE PITCHER MAY TAKE ONE STEP BACKWARD AND ONE STEP FORWARD WITH THE FREE FOOT.

RULE: 8.01(c)



AT ANY TIME DURING THE PITCHER'S PRELIMINARY
MOVEMENTS AND UNTIL THE NATURAL PITCHING MOTION
COMMITS THAT PITCHER TO THE PITCH, SAID PITCHER MAY
THROW TO ANY BASE, PROVIDING THE PITCHER STEPS DIRECTLY
TOWARD THAT BASE BEFORE MAKING THE THROW.